

Common IP-Based Network : CRV

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- **Background on IP-based networks**
 - MPLS Concept
 - Use of VSAT/terrestrial IP network in MPLS
 - QoS and Security
- **CRV Development**
 - What?
 - Why?
 - How?

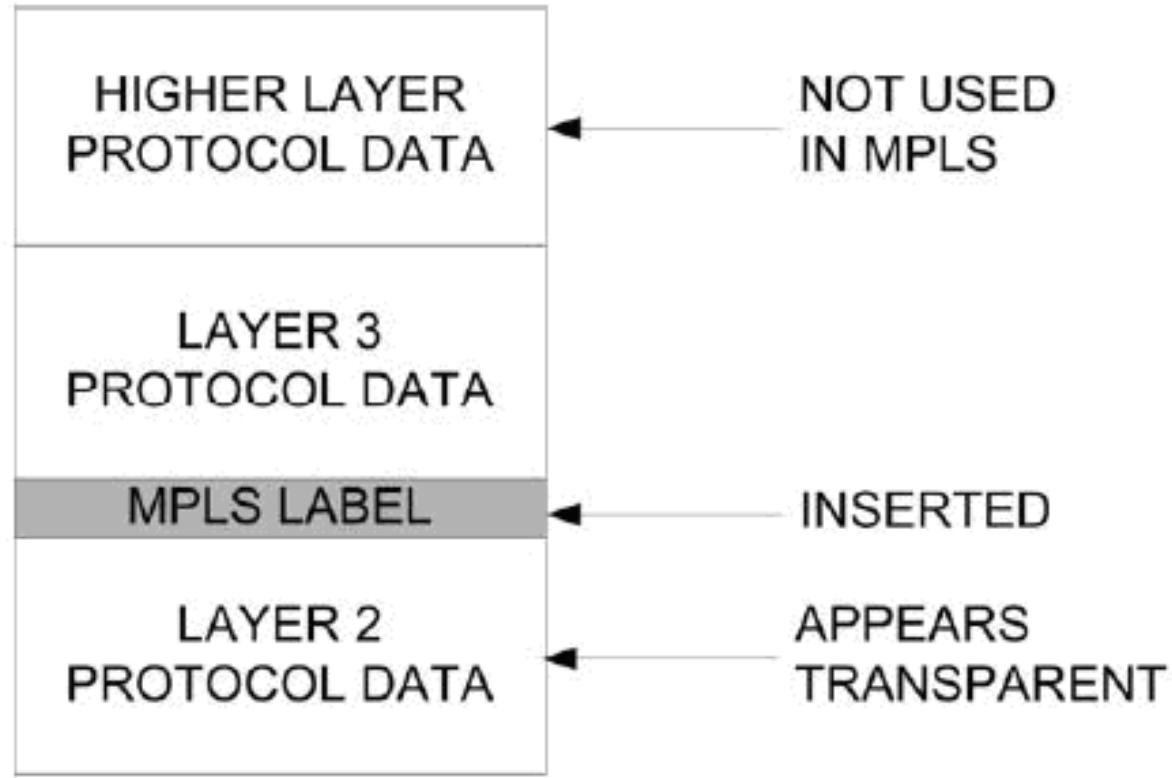


Background – MPLS Concept

- **Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)**
- **Scalable and manageable IP VPN network.**
- **Use ‘label’ attached to IP packets to route packets through the provider’s network.**



Background – MPLS Concept





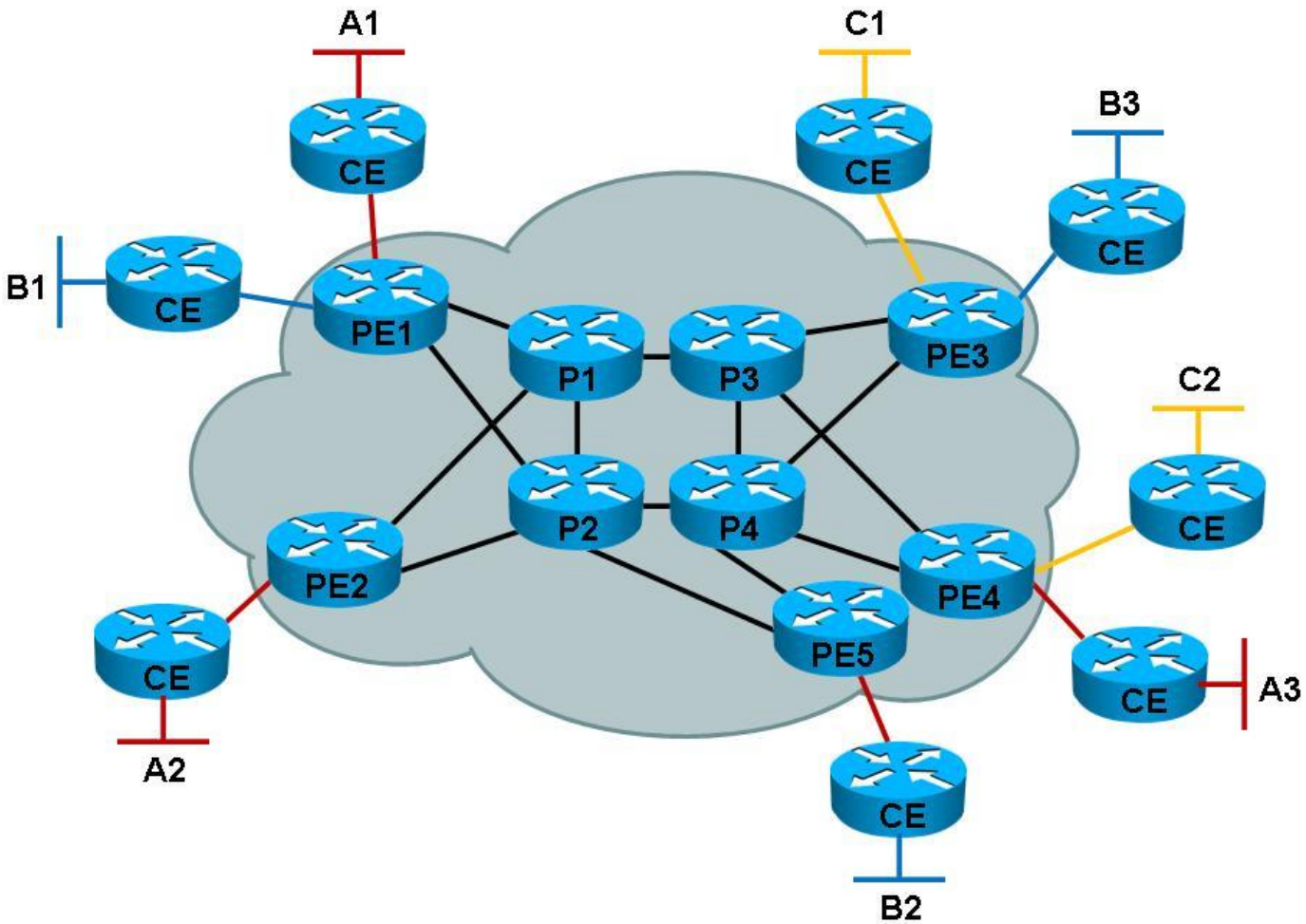
Background – MPLS Concept

■ Components

- Customer-Edge (CE) router – routers located at the facility of customer.
- Provider-Edge (PE) router – provider's 1st router that connects to the CE router.
- Provider router (P) – label switch routers internal to provider.



Background – MPLS Concept



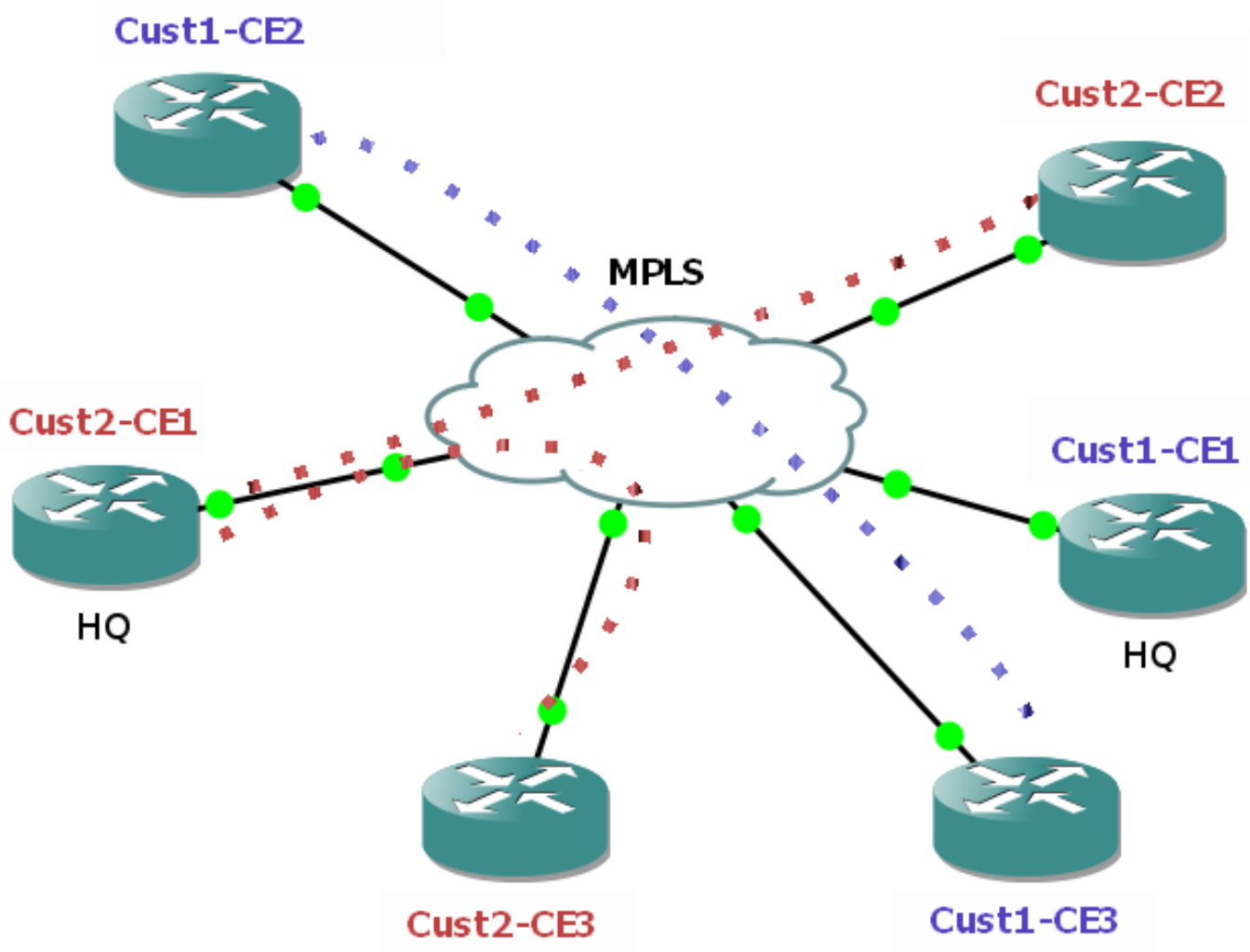


Background – MPLS Concept

- **MPLS provides pseudo-wire (VPN tunnel) connectivity between end systems.**
- **Can support multiple applications such as voice (VoIP), data communication with different QoS, etc.**



Background – MPLS Concept





Background – Use of

VSAT/Terrestrial IP in MPLS

- **MPLS can be used over VSAT and traditional terrestrial IP networks. They are treated as data link network layer.**
- **Different usage requirements provide parameters (bandwidth, latency, etc.) to configure the use of different networks under MPLS.**
 - Voice via VoIP
 - Different classes of data communication, e.g. high-priority, low-priority, etc.



Background – Use of

VSAT/Terrestrial IP in MPLS

- **Depend upon the geographical requirements, one technology may perform better than the other.**
 - Islands / Mountainous area – maybe VSAT / Terrestrial IP (if available)
 - Large cities / flat terrain – maybe terrestrial IP / VSAT (as backups)



Background – QoS and Security

- **MPLS ‘label’ can provide QoS information.**
- **IP QoS parameters (DiffServ) can be mapped to the ‘Label’ QoS levels.**
- **Different applications are then mapped to the available IP DiffServ classes.**



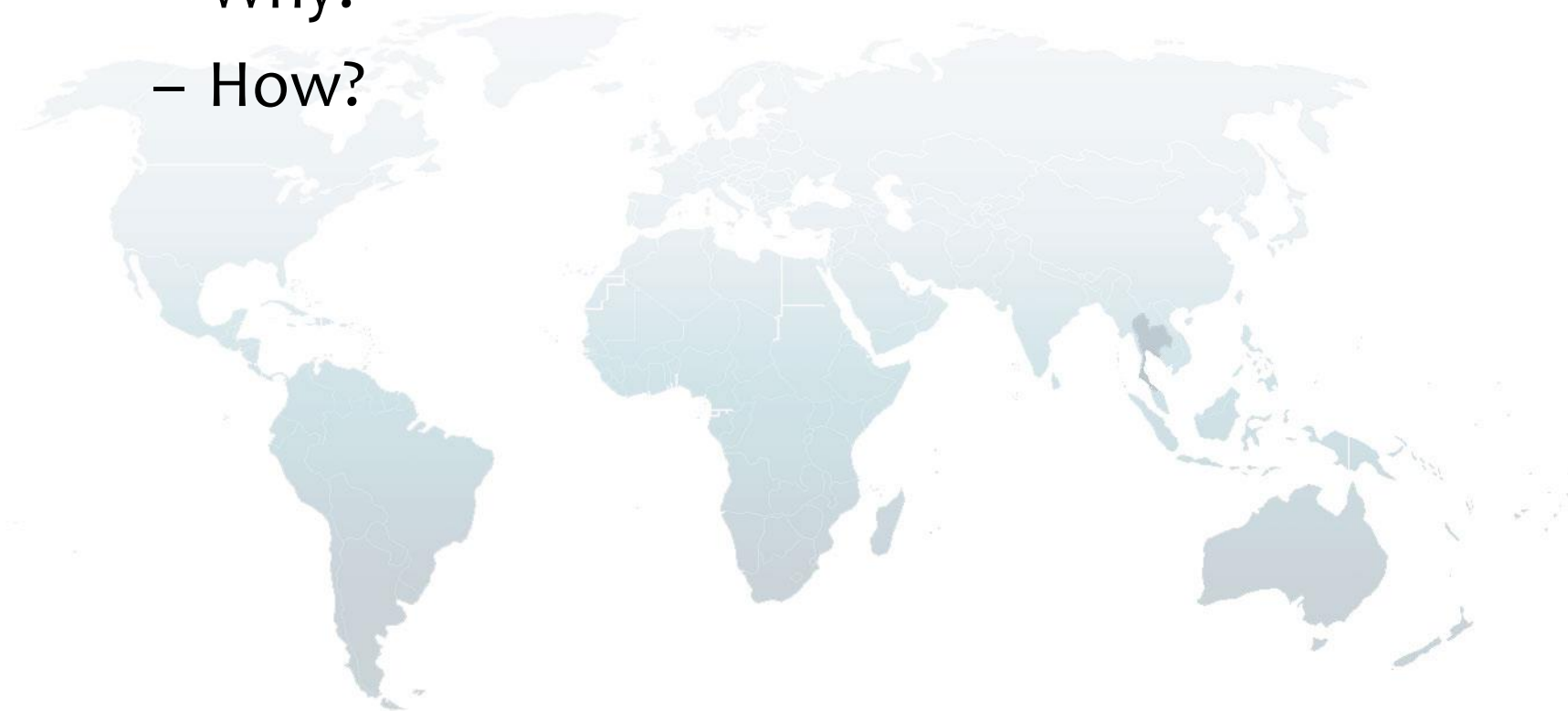
Background – QoS and Security

- **MPLS Security is result from the nature of private network of MPLS. (The ‘pseudo-wire’ property of connection)**
- **The network core will be secured by the provider.**
- **Encryption can be performed on the end-to-end systems to enhance security.**



CRV Development Overview

- **CRV Development**
 - What?
 - Why?
 - How?





CRV Development – What?

- **CRV, the “Common Regional Virtual private network”**
- **A wholly dependable and reliable communications infrastructure for aeronautical communications enabling the GANP roadmap**



CRV Development – What?

- **a task force**
 - created end 2013 under decision 24/32 of APANPIRG
- **a programme**
 - conducted by the Task Force,
 - programme management principles
 - risk management.



CRV Development – What?

- **an aeronautical service, part of Aeronautical Fixed Services (AFS)**
 - will expectedly become a safe and secured IP-based transportation service offered to CRV users from 2017 onwards through a common contractual framework
- **a common contractual framework**
 - will be established in 2016 if the ongoing Sealed Tender process successfully selects a best and final offer.
 - CRV Users are expected to establish individual contracts based on the common provisions.
 - The ongoing Sealed Tender process makes it possible for all MID States, and more users, to join the initiative



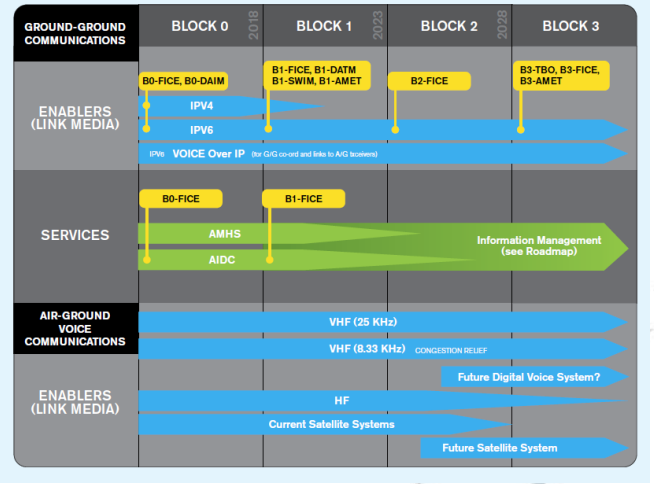
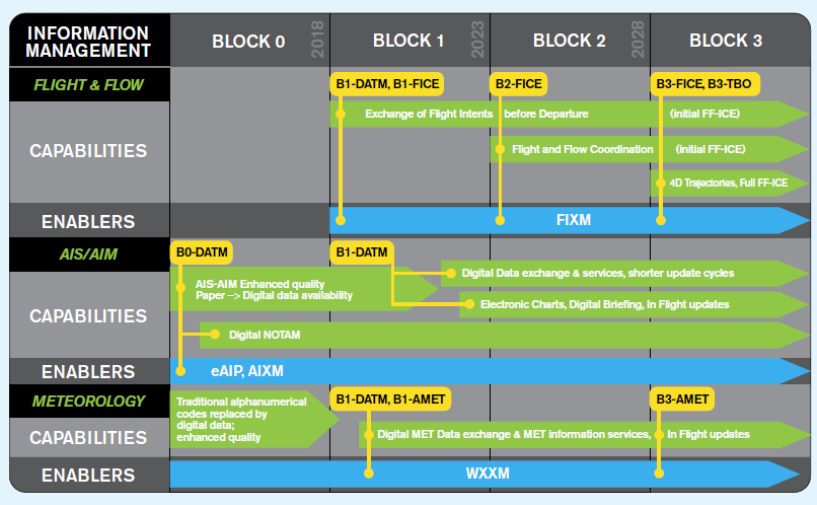
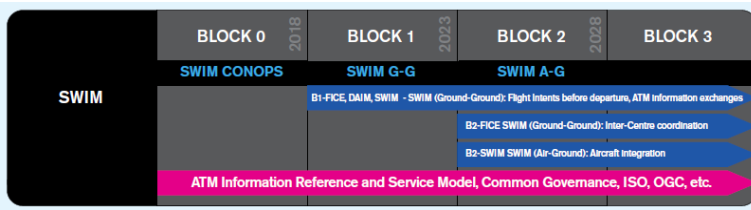
CRV Development – Why?

- **Follow ANC/12 Recommendation 1/6**
- **Support ATM Operational Concept as stated in ICAO Doc 9854 Global Air Traffic Management Operational Concept**





CRV Development – Why?





CRV Development – Why?

Enables

IPv4 / IPv6 interregional connectivity

Voice over IP

Directory / Security Services

...

B1-SWIM Performance Improvement through the
Application of SWIM

...

B2-SWIM Enabling Airborne Participation in
Collaborative ATM through SWIM

...

Etc.





CRV Development – Why?

Facilitates

- Bo-NOPS Improved Flow Performance through Planning based on a Network-wide view**
- Bo-ASUR Initial Capability for Ground Surveillance**
- Bo-FICE Increased Interoperability, Efficiency and Capacity through Ground-Ground Integration**
- B1-RATS Remotely Operated Aerodrome Control**
- B1-FICE Increased Interoperability, Efficiency and Capacity through FF-ICE/1 application before Departure**
- B1-AMET Enhanced Operational Decisions through Integrated Meteorological Information (Planning and Near-term Service)**
- B2-FICE Improved Coordination through Multi-centre Ground-Ground Integration (FF ICE, Step 1 and Flight Object, SWIM)**
- B3-FICE Improved Operational Performance through the Introduction of Full FF-ICE**
- B3-NOPS Traffic Complexity Management**





CRV Development – Why?

SWIM Support

- **Single network infrastructure**
- **Support different types of communications based on requirements:**
 - QoS support
 - End-to-end performance
 - Enable different type of services such as time-sensitive information sharing (radar track), voice services (VoIP) or data services.
- **Support Security features**



CRV Development – Why?

- **Reduce telecommunication costs**
- **Enhance information security**
- **Support new enhancements (GANP, regional objectives)**
- **Provide a dynamic network**
- **Minimize coordination for network management and enhancement**
- **Respond to Air Traffic requirements in a timely manner**



CRV Development – Why?

- **European region has implemented the Pan-European Network Service (PENS)**
- **North American region has FAA Telecommunication Infrastructure (FTI) to support Canada and USA to distribute AFS data**
- **South America has REDDIG and Caribbean has MEVA**



CRV Development – How?

- **Process**
- **Funding stage 1**
- **Funding stage 2**
- **Project management**
- **Tasks for individual states/administrations**



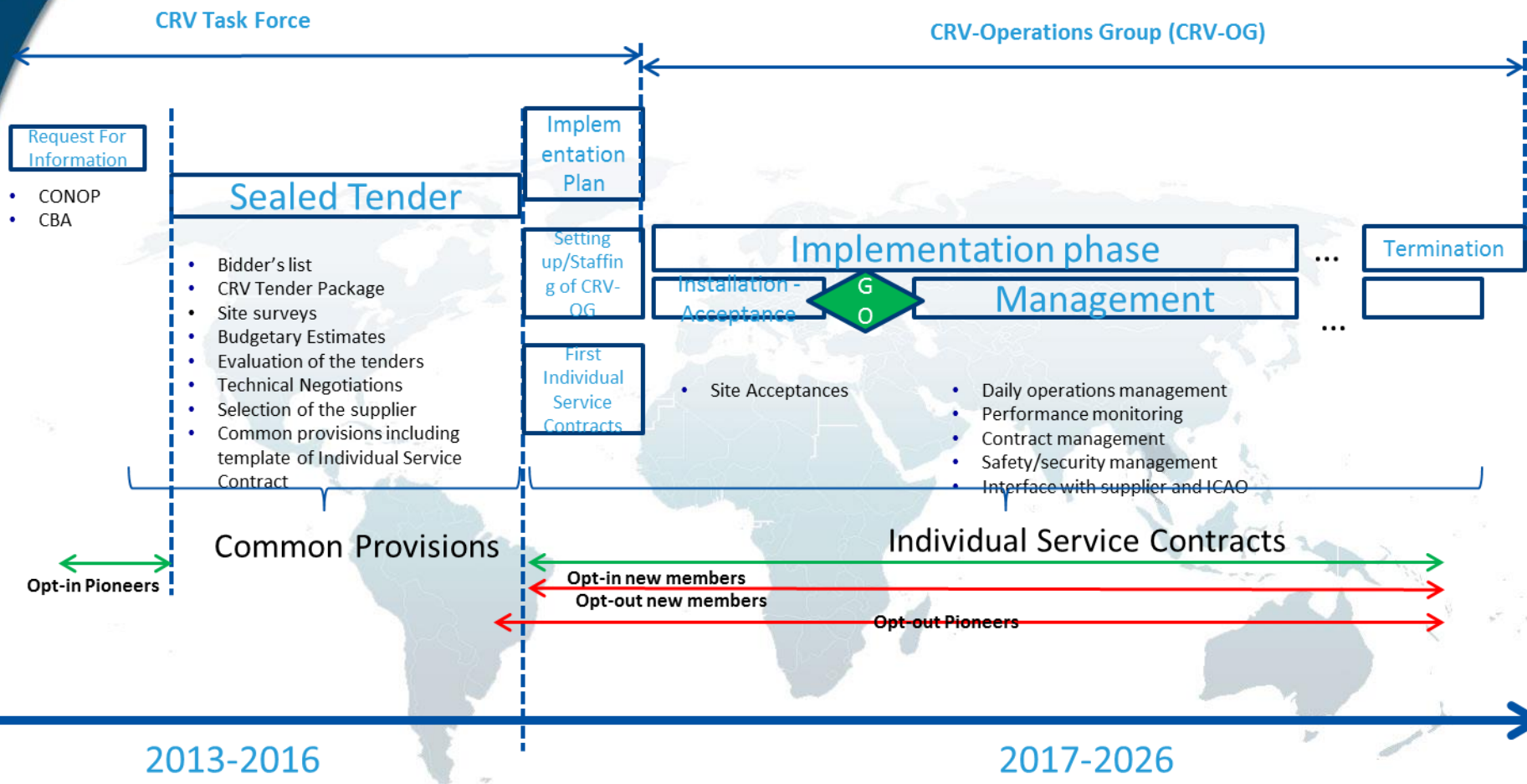


CRV Development – Process

- **Stage 1: preparation**
 - definition of requirements
 - issuance of procurement
 - awarding of the contract
 - preparation of operations (plan, operational group, individual service contracts)
- **Stage 2: operations**



CRV Development – Process





CRV Development – Process

■ Roles of CRV OG

- Assistance with migration / implementation of CRV
- Coordination and standardization of services and/or upgrade of services
- Oversee the performance of the network
- Escalation process of issues associate with provision of CRV
- Etc.



CRV Development –

Funding Stage 1 Preparation

- **Conclusion APANPIRG 25/34**
- **Pioneer States/Organizations shared the cost of conducting the Sealed Tender process on a cost-recovery basis**
 - ICAO TCB services = one part-time expert in Aeronautical communications and procurement
 - Estimate of the total cost was USD109,300
 - Equal share between States/Organizations
- **18 Pioneer States have joined by paying their contribution**



CRV Development –

Funding Stage 2 Implementation

- **All States/Administrations encouraged to join**
- **States/Administrations will have to join CRV-OG before signing an Individual Service Contract with the selected supplier**
 - A single basis (common provisions) for all ANSP, with selectable services/class of services/options, based on requirements, and associated prices
 - Only existing contracts: signed between each individual State/Administration and supplier
 - No contract between CRV-OG and the supplier
 - No contract between ICAO and the supplier (general case)



CRV Development – Funding Stage 2

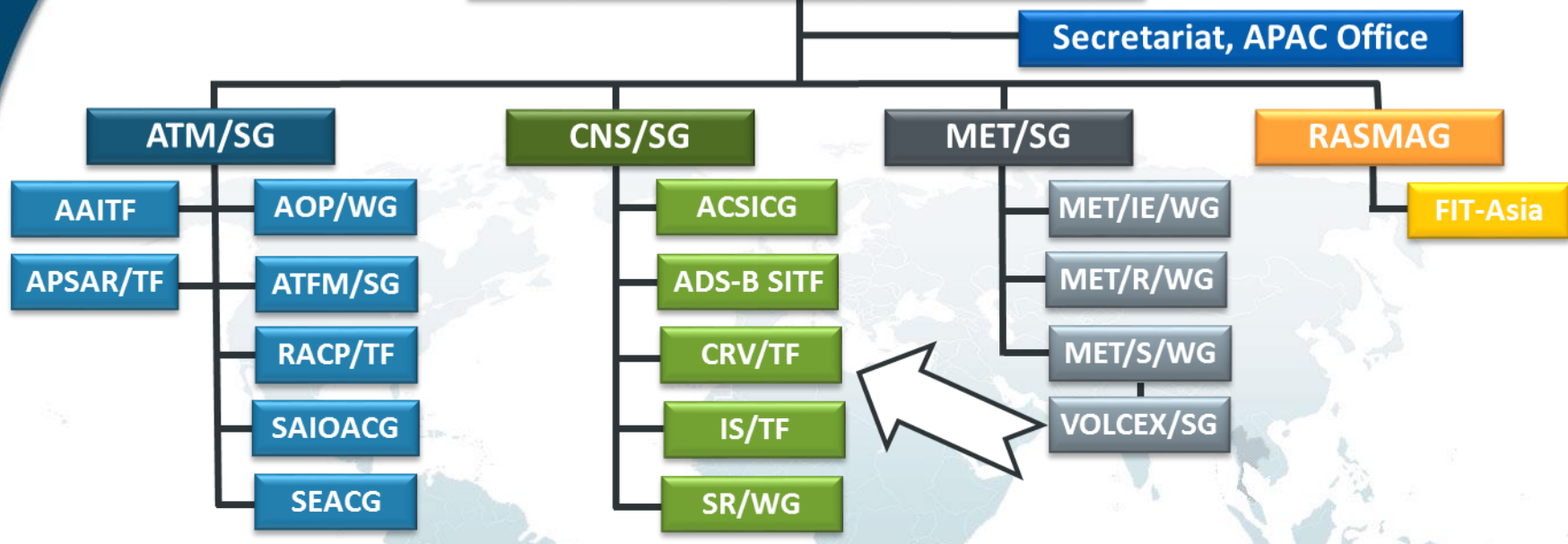
- **The supplier could be a single provider / combination of Telecom. Service Providers**
- **No cost to pay with a local/national service provider, this is a END TO END service**





CRV Development – Project Management

APANPIRG



ATM/SG	- ATM Sub Group
AAITF	- AIS - AIM Implementation Task Force
APSAR/TF	- APAC Search and Rescue Task Force
AOP/WG	- Aerodrome Operations and Planning Working Group
ATFM/SG	- ATFM Steering Group
RACP/TF	- Regional ATM Contingency Plan Task Force
SAIOACG	- South Asia Indian Ocean ATM Coordination Group
SEACG	- South East Asia ATS Coordination Group

CNS/SG	- CNS Sub Group
ACSICG	- Aeronautical Communication Services Implementation Coordination Group
ADS-B SITF	- ADS - B Study and Implementation Task Force
CRV/TF	- Common Regional Virtual Private Network (VPN) Task Force
IS/TF	- Ionospheric Studies Task Force
SR/WG	- Spectrum Review Working Group

MET/SG	- Meteorology Sub Group
MET/IE/WG	- Meteorological Information Exchange Working Group
MET/R/WG	- Meteorological Requirements Working Group
MET/S/WG	- Meteorological Services Working Group
RASMAG	- Regional Airspace Safety Monitoring Advisory Group
FIT-ASIA	- FANS Implementation Team - Asia



CRV Development – Tasks for individual states/administrations

- **Local Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA)**
- **Local safety case**
- **Local implementation plan**





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Questions and Comments

